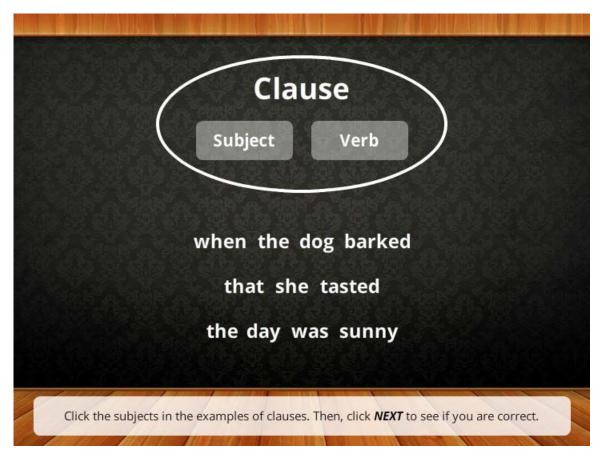
#### Introduction



Click **NEXT** to get started.



### What Is a Clause? and Identifying Subjects



A clause is a group of words that contains both a subject and a verb. Can you identify the subjects and verbs in the examples of clauses shown here?

when the dog barked that she tasted the day was sunny

Click the subjects in the examples of clauses. Then, click *NEXT* to see if you are correct.



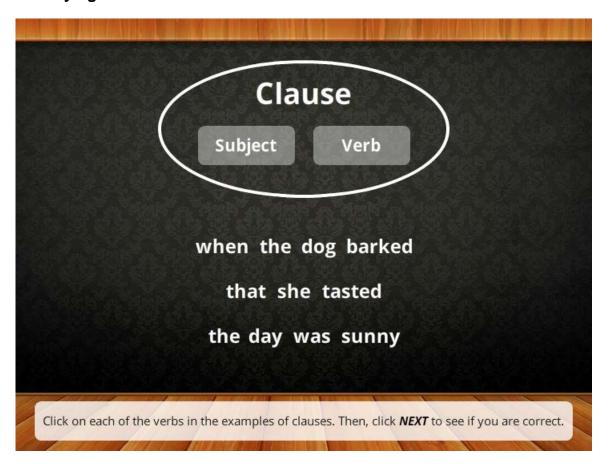
### **Subject Answers**



Did your answers match what is shown here? Click *NEXT* to continue.



### **Identifying Verbs**



Click on each of the verbs in the examples of clauses. Then, click *NEXT* to see if you are correct.



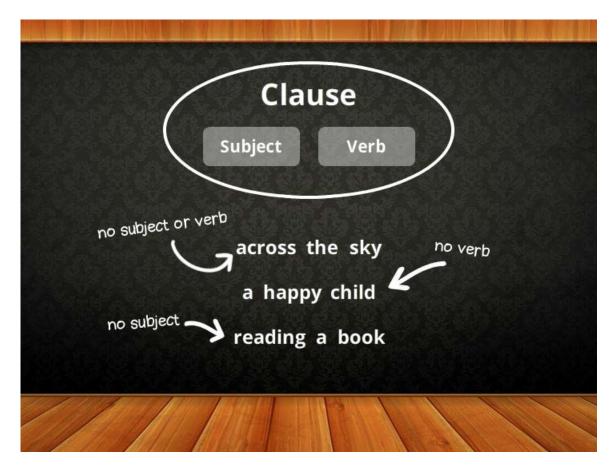
#### **Verb Answers**



Did your answers match what is shown here? Click *NEXT* to continue.



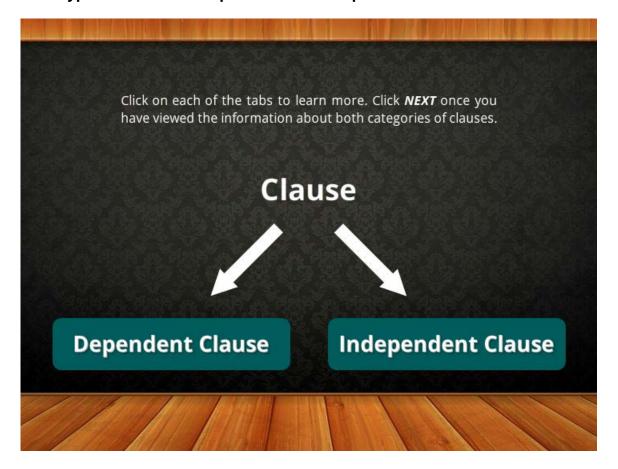
#### **Clauses Versus Phrases**



Now, notice how the phrases shown here are not clauses because they lack subjects, verbs, or even both.



### Two Types of Clauses: Dependent and Independent



All clauses can be categorized as either a dependent clause or an independent clause. Click on each of the tabs to learn more. Click *NEXT* once you have viewed the information about both categories of clauses.



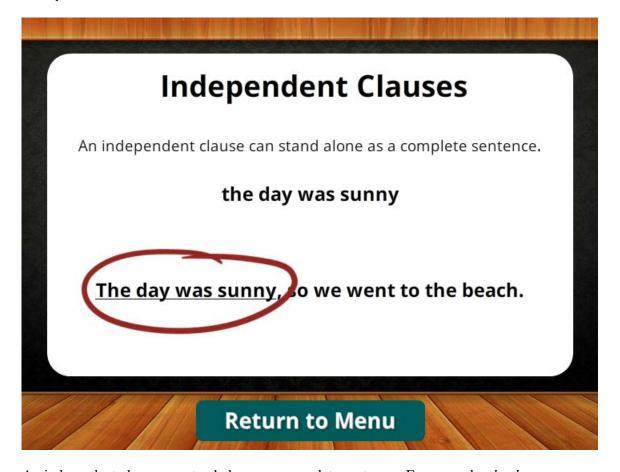
#### **Dependent Clauses**



A dependent clause cannot stand alone as a complete sentence, even though it has a subject and a verb. For example, the dependent clause *when the dog barked* is not a complete sentence. What happened when the dog barked? This clause is only a fragment of a complete thought. You would have to add more information to this clause in order to form a complete sentence, such as: *The birds flew away when the dog barked*.



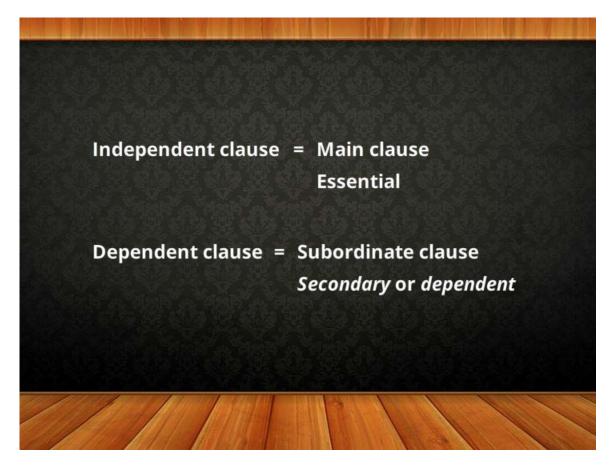
#### **Independent Clauses**



An independent clause can stand alone as a complete sentence. For example, *the day was sunny* is an independent clause because it can serve as a complete sentence. Optionally, you can embed this clause into a more complex sentence by adding more information, as in: *The day was sunny*, *so we went to the beach*. However, *the day was sunny* is already a complete thought, so it qualifies as an independent clause.



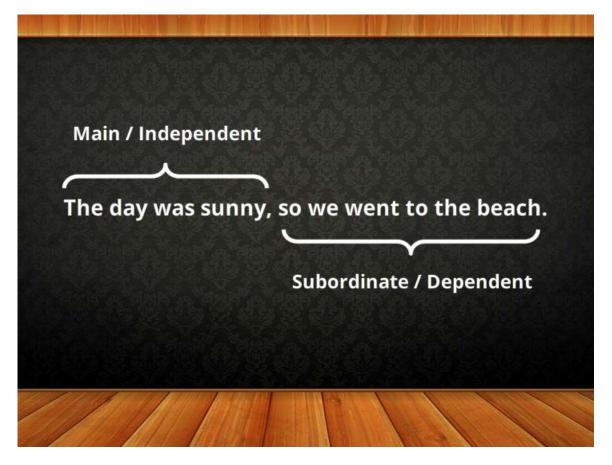
#### **Other Names for Clauses**



Independent clauses are sometimes referred to as main clauses. Because they can stand on their own, main clauses are essential to the structure of a sentence. Dependent clauses are also known as subordinate clauses. The word *subordinate* is a synonym for *secondary* or *dependent*.



#### Main and Subordinate Clauses in the Same Sentence



In the sentence *The day was sunny, so we went to the beach*, the main, or independent, clause is *the day was sunny*, and the subordinate, or dependent, clause is *so we went to the beach*.

