Introduction



There are a number of examples of dramatic irony in the play *Romeo and Juliet*. In this interactivity, click each of the segments to view examples of dramatic irony from the first three acts of *Romeo and Juliet*. Click *NEXT* to begin.



Act I, Scene v

ntroduct	ion
Act I, Sce	ne v
	omeo and Juliet first meet, they fall in love not knowing anything abou er's lineage, but the audience knows that their families are enemies.
Act II, Sce	ne i
Act II, Sce	ne ii
Act III, Sco	ene i
Act III, Sco	ne ii
Act III, Sco	ene iv
Act III, Sco	ene v
Act III, Sco	ene v%

When Romeo and Juliet first meet, they fall in love not knowing anything about each other's lineage, but the audience knows that their families are enemies.



Act II, Scene i

Dramatic Irony in Romeo and Juliet	
Introduction	
Act I, Scene v	
Act II, Scene i	
Romeo's friends make fun of his love for Rosaline, but the audience know he now loves Juliet.	s that
Act II, Scene ii	
Act III, Scene i	
Act III, Scene ii	
Act III, Scene iv	
Act III, Scene v	
Act III, Scene v	

Romeo's friends make fun of his love for Rosaline, but the audience knows that he now loves Juliet.



Act II, Scene ii

Dramatic Irony in Romeo and Juliet			
Introduction			
Act I, Scene v			
Act II, Scene i			
Act II, Scene ii			
Juliet thinks she is alone whe that he is standing below her l	en she talks about Romeo, but the audience knows balcony.		
Act III, Scene i			
Act III, Scene ii			
Act III, Scene iv			
Act III, Scene v			
Act III, Scene v			

Juliet thinks she is alone when she talks about Romeo, but the audience knows that he is standing below her balcony.



Act III, Scene i

Dramatic Irony in Romeo and Juliet	
Introduction	
Act I, Scene v	
Act II, Scene i	
Act II, Scene ii	
Act III, Scene i	
Tybalt and Mercutio think that Romeo will fight the Capulets, but the audience knows that Romeo does not want to fight because he is now related to Tybalt.	
Act III, Scene ii	
Act III, Scene iv	
Act III, Scene v	
Act III, Scene v	1000

Tybalt and Mercutio think that Romeo will fight the Capulets, but the audience knows that Romeo does not want to fight because he is now related to Tybalt.



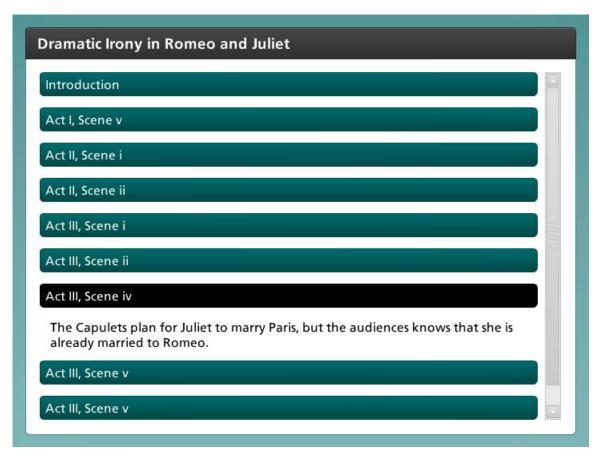
Act III, Scene ii

Dramatic Irony in Romeo and Juliet	
Introduction	
Act I, Scene v	
Act II, Scene i	
Act II, Scene ii	
Act III, Scene i	
Act III, Scene ii	
The nurse initially leads Juliet to think the knows that he is alive and has been banished	hat Romeo is dead, but the audience ed.
Act III, Scene iv	
Act III, Scene v	
Act III, Scene v	

The nurse initially leads Juliet to think that Romeo is dead, but the audience knows that he is alive and has been banished.



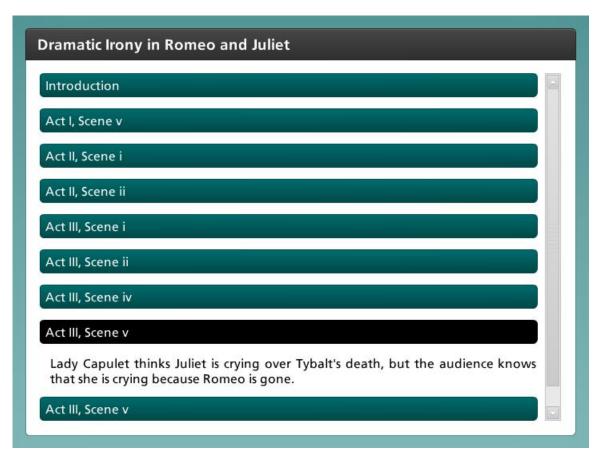
Act III, Scene iv



The Capulets plan for Juliet to marry Paris, but the audiences knows that she is already married to Romeo.



Act III, Scene v



Lady Capulet thinks Juliet is crying over Tybalt's death, but the audience knows that she is crying because Romeo is gone.



Act III, Scene v



The nurse thinks Juliet accepts her advice to marry Paris, but the audience knows that she is angry with the nurse and will not confide in her anymore.

