#### Introduction

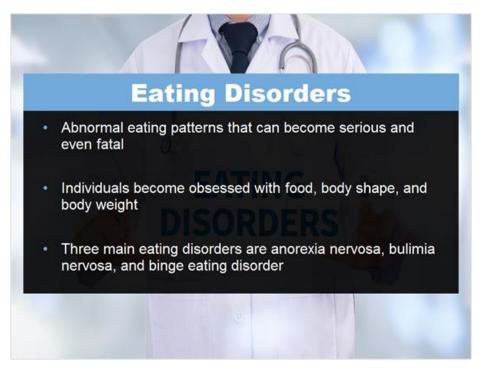


**Eating Disorders** 

Click **NEXT** to begin



### **Eating Disorders**



Eating disorders are defined by abnormal eating patterns that can become very serious and even fatal. Individuals with an eating disorder become obsessed with food, body shape, and body weight. The three main types of eating disorders are anorexia nervosa, bulimia nervosa, and binge eating disorder.



#### Causes



Eating disorders are mostly due to negative body image, but sometimes may also be caused by depression, loneliness, stress, anxiety, or lack of self-esteem.



#### **Warning Signs**

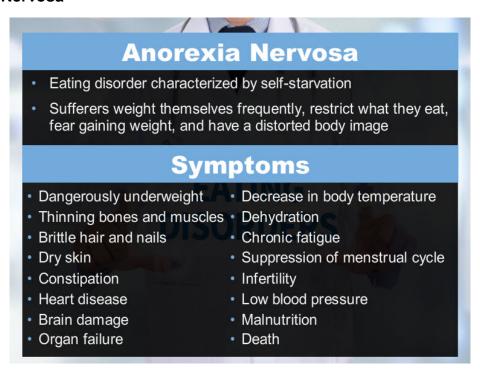


If you are concerned that someone you know is suffering from an eating disorder, the warning signs may not be easy to detect. There are different symptoms and signs for each of the three main eating disorders. Some early warning signs may include:

- Repetitive dieting
- Excessive and compulsive exercise
- Obsessive rituals around food planning and eating
- Food avoidance
- Evidence of vomiting, laxative use, or hoarding of food for binging
- Social withdrawal
- Strong focus on body shape and weight
- Heightened sensitivity to topics about the body



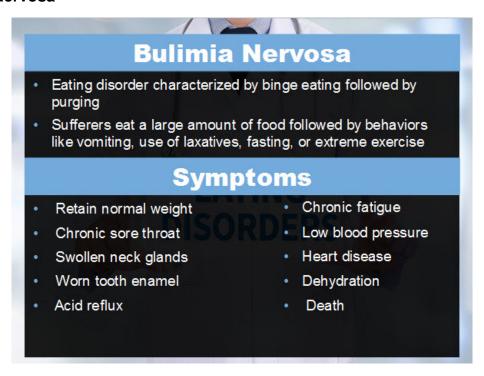
#### Anorexia Nervosa



Anorexia nervosa is a common eating disorder, characterized by self-starvation. Symptoms include being dangerously underweight, but seeing yourself as overweight. As a result, people with anorexia nervosa likely weigh themselves frequently, restrict what they eat, fear gaining weight, and have a distorted body image. In addition, individuals with this disorder will experience thinning bones and muscles, brittle hair and nails, dry skin, constipation, heart disease, brain damage, organ failure, decrease in body temperature, dehydration, chronic fatigue, suppression of the menstrual cycle, infertility, low blood pressure, and malnutrition. Having anorexia nervosa can lead to death from starvation or suicide.



#### **Bulimia Nervosa**



Bulimia nervosa is a common eating disorder, characterized by binge eating followed by purging. Typically, someone with this disorder eats an atypically large amount of food. This is often followed by feeling a loss of self-control that results in behaviors like vomiting, use of laxatives, fasting, and/or extreme exercise. Individuals with bulimia nervosa typically retain a normal weight. Symptoms of this disorder include a chronic sore throat, swollen neck glands, worn tooth enamel, acid reflux, chronic fatigue, low blood pressure, heart disease, and dehydration. In severe cases, bulimia nervosa can even lead to death.



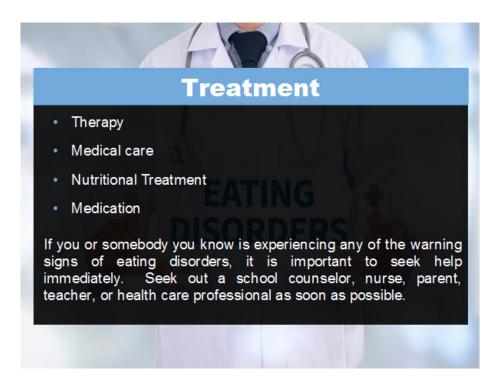
#### **Binge Eating Disorder**



Binge eating is a disorder in which sufferers lose control over their ability to stop eating. As a result, individuals with binge eating disorder are overweight and obese, feel distressed, ashamed, and guilty. This disorder is the most common eating disorder. Symptoms of binge eating disorder include eating unusually large amounts of food in a specific amount of time, eating when no hunger exists, eating fast, and eating in secret to avoid embarrassment. Individuals suffering from binge eating disorder may also frequently diet without any significant weight loss and have high blood pressure. Binge eating disorder could lead to diabetes.



#### **Treatment**



Treatments for eating disorders include therapy, medical care, nutritional treatment, and medications. If you or somebody you know is experiencing any of the warning signs of eating disorders, it is important to seek help immediately. Seek out a school counselor, nurse, parent, teacher, or health care professional as soon as possible. Early intervention is vital in promoting recovery.

