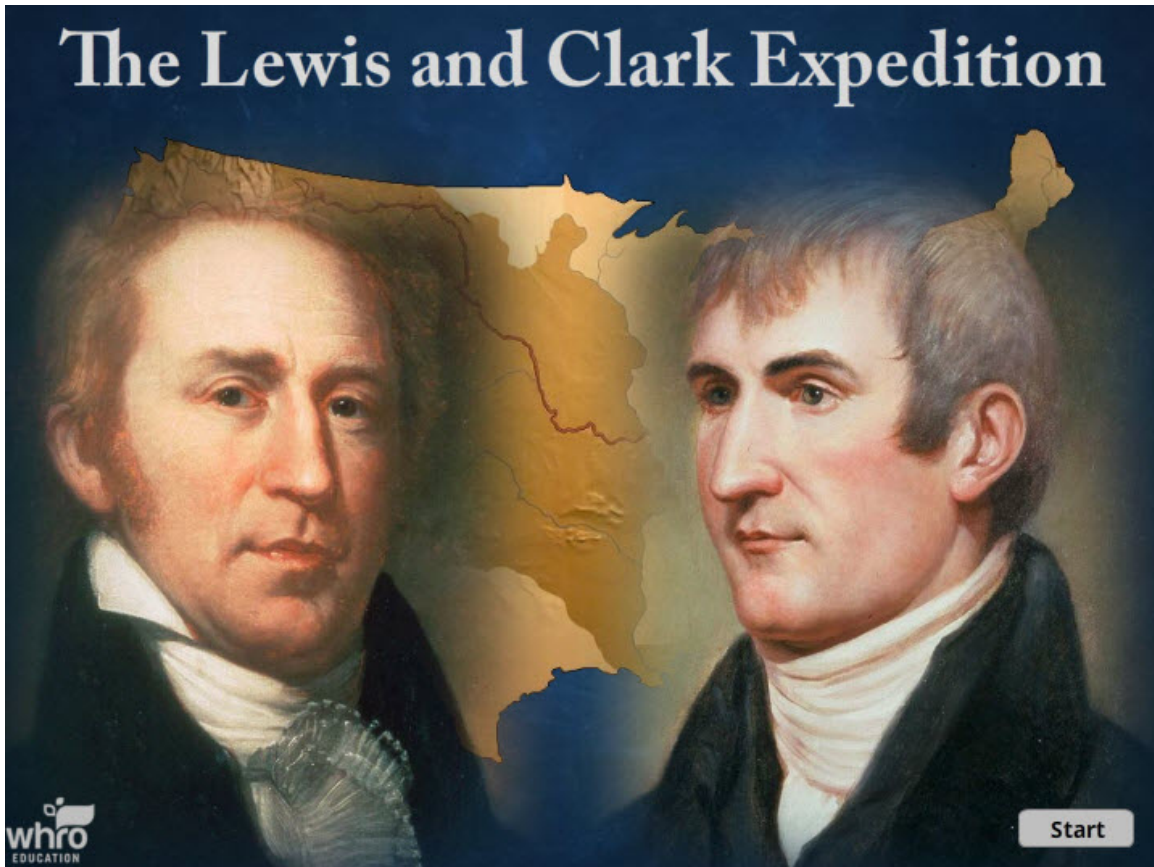


Module 4: Creating a New Nation - 1788 to the 1840s

Topic 2 Content: The Lewis and Clark Expedition Notes

Introduction



The Lewis and Clark Expedition. Click **Start** to begin.

Module 4: Creating a New Nation - 1788 to the 1840s

Topic 2 Content: The Lewis and Clark Expedition Notes

Instructions – First Leg



Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the first leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

Module 4: Creating a New Nation - 1788 to the 1840s

Topic 2 Content: The Lewis and Clark Expedition Notes

May 14, 1804



The image shows an interactive map of the United States with a red line tracing the Lewis and Clark Expedition route from the Atlantic coast to the Pacific. Several green location pins are placed along the route. A text box on the right provides details for May 14, 1804. Below the map is a slider control.

Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the first leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

May 14, 1804
The Corps of Discovery leaves from St. Louis after waiting to depart all day due to heavy rains. The crew leaves while it is still raining, traveling along the Missouri River.



The inset photo shows a scenic view of a river, likely the Missouri River, with a grassy bank and trees in the foreground. A magnifying glass icon is overlaid on the bottom left of the photo.

The Corps of Discovery leaves from St. Louis after waiting to depart all day due to heavy rains. The crew leaves while it is still raining, traveling along the Missouri River.

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August 20, 1804



Sergeant Charles Floyd dies of natural causes near Sioux City, Iowa. He is the only fatality in the expedition.

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September 25, 1804

The image shows an interactive map of the United States with a green line tracing the Lewis and Clark Expedition route. The map is set against a dark blue background. A grey text box on the right side of the map contains the date and a description of an event. A slider bar is located at the bottom of the map interface.

September 25, 1804
The Corps have a tense encounter with the Sioux. Luckily, any conflict is averted.

Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the first leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

The Corps has a tense encounter with the Sioux. Luckily, any conflict is averted.

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November 4, 1804



The image shows an interactive educational interface. On the left is a topographic map of the western United States with a green line tracing the expedition's path from the Missouri River to the Pacific coast. Several green location pins are placed along this path. Below the map is a horizontal slider with a black knob, used for navigating through the expedition's timeline. To the right of the map is a grey information panel. At the top of this panel is the date 'November 4, 1804'. Below the date is a text block describing the hiring of Toussaint Charbonneau and Sacajawea. At the bottom of the panel is a small rectangular image of three people: two men in 18th-century attire and one Native American woman in traditional dress. A circular refresh icon is located in the bottom-left corner of the image.

Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the first leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

November 4, 1804

The expedition hires French-Canadian Toussaint Charbonneau and his Shoshone wife, Sacajawea. Their job is to act as interpreters.

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Late July, 1805



Late July, 1805

The expedition arrives at the Three Forks of the Missouri River. On February 11, 1805, Sacagawea's son was born. The Corps was amazed by the abundance of wild game.



Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the first leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

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Topic 2 Content: The Lewis and Clark Expedition Notes

November 24, 1805



The map shows the expedition route in green, starting from the Mississippi River and heading west to the Pacific Ocean. A callout box on the right provides details for November 24, 1805, including a photograph of a coastal scene.

November 24, 1805

The Corps of Discovery arrives at the Pacific Ocean. The crew makes a camp that later becomes known as Fort Clatsop, preparing for the winter and the return journey.

Click **Continue** to explore the second leg of the Lewis and Clark expedition.

Continue

The Corps of Discovery arrives at the Pacific Ocean. The crew makes a camp that later becomes known as Fort Clatsop, preparing for the winter and the return journey.

Module 4: Creating a New Nation - 1788 to the 1840s

Topic 2 Content: The Lewis and Clark Expedition Notes

Instructions – Second Leg



Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the second leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

Module 4: Creating a New Nation - 1788 to the 1840s

Topic 2 Content: The Lewis and Clark Expedition Notes

March 23, 1806



The image shows an interactive digital map of the United States. A red line traces the route of the Lewis and Clark Expedition across the continent. Three red location pins are placed along the route. At the bottom of the map is a horizontal slider with a circular knob, used to navigate through different dates in the expedition's timeline. A text box on the left side of the map reads: "Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the second leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition." On the right side, a grey information popup is displayed for the date "March 23, 1806". The popup contains the text: "The Corps of Discovery gives the Clatsop Indians Fort Clatsop and begins the journey home." Below the text is a photograph of a log cabin, which is Fort Clatsop. A magnifying glass icon is visible in the bottom-left corner of the photo.

March 23, 1806

The Corps of Discovery gives the Clatsop Indians Fort Clatsop and begins the journey home.

Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the second leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

The Corps of Discovery gives the Clatsop Indians Fort Clatsop and begins the journey home.

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Topic 2 Content: The Lewis and Clark Expedition Notes

July 3, 1806



The image shows an interactive digital map of the United States. A red line traces the expedition's path from the Pacific Northwest, across the northern plains, and down the eastern coast. Three red location pins are placed along this path. A grey information box on the right side of the map is titled "July 3, 1806" and contains the text: "The Lewis and Clark Expedition split up to explore more land. Lewis explores the Great Falls and Marias River and Clark travels along the Yellowstone River." Below the text is a small rectangular photograph of a bison in a river. At the bottom of the map interface is a horizontal slider with a circular knob, currently positioned in the middle. To the left of the map, there is a text prompt: "Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the second leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition."

Click and drag the slider to the right to explore the second leg of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

July 3, 1806

The Lewis and Clark Expedition split up to explore more land. Lewis explores the Great Falls and Marias River and Clark travels along the Yellowstone River.

The Lewis and Clark Expedition split up to explore more land. Lewis explored the Great Falls and Marias River and Clark travels along the Yellowstone River.

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September 23, 1806



The expedition reaches St. Louis and the journey ends. The entire expedition took two years, four months, and ten days. The Corps of Discovery traveled just over 8,000 miles. During their travels, Lewis and Clark discovered 122 new animals and 178 types of plants.