

## Module 8: World War II – 1939 to 1945

### Topic 2 Content: Leaders of World War II

#### Introduction

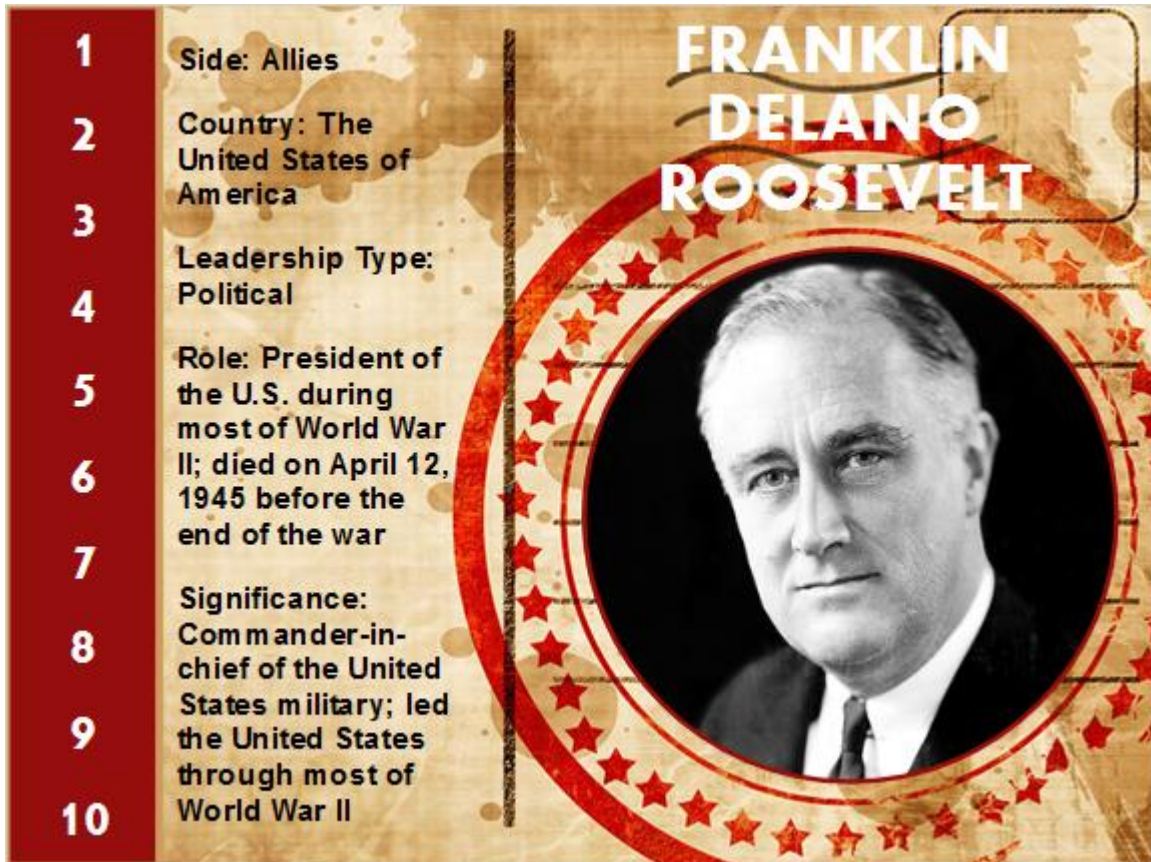


Click each number on the left to learn about important leaders during World War II.

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### Topic 2 Content: Leaders of World War II

#### Franklin Delano Roosevelt



The infographic features a red vertical bar on the left with numbers 1 through 10. To the right, text provides details about Roosevelt. A circular portrait of Roosevelt is framed by a red border with stars. The name 'FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT' is written in large white letters at the top right.

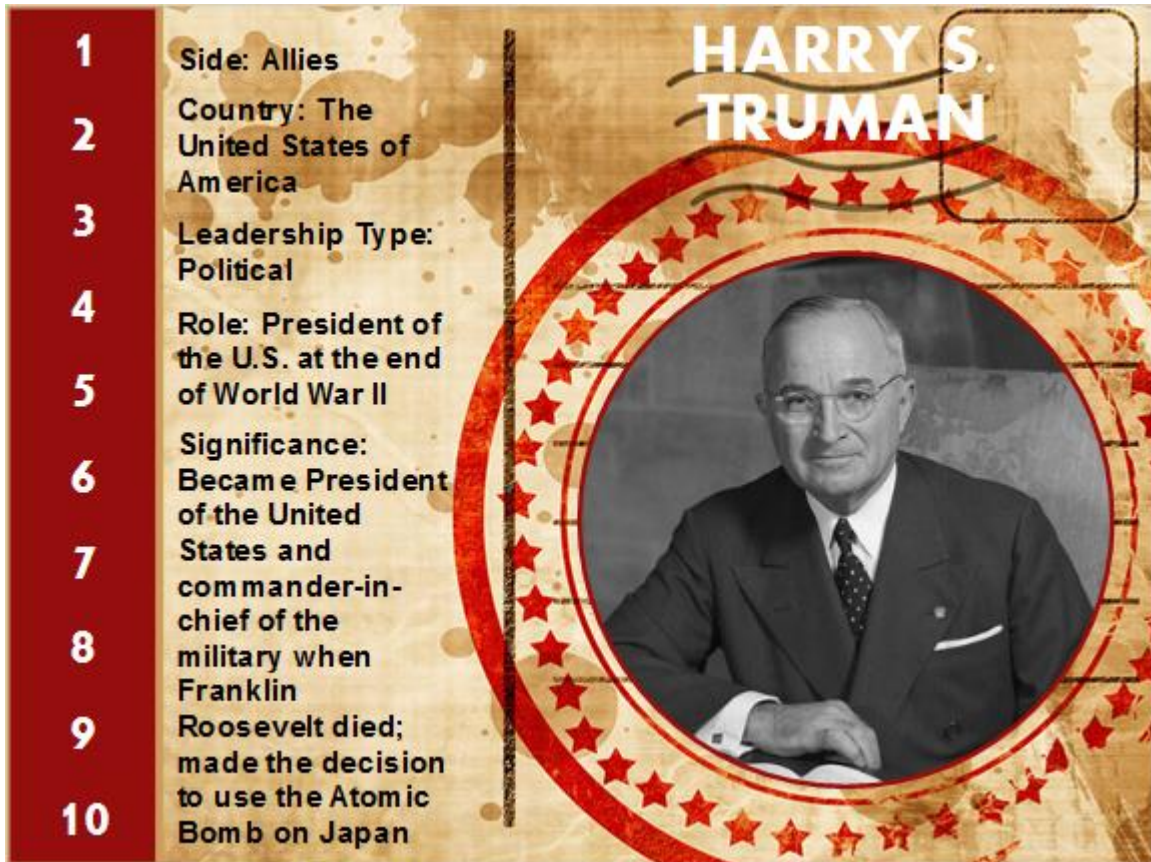
1	<b>Side:</b> Allies
2	<b>Country:</b> The United States of America
3	<b>Leadership Type:</b> Political
4	<b>Role:</b> President of the U.S. during most of World War II; died on April 12, 1945 before the end of the war
5	<b>Significance:</b> Commander-in-chief of the United States military; led the United States through most of World War II
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Franklin Delano Roosevelt sided with the Allies. He was from the United States, and a political leader. During most of World War II, Roosevelt was President of the United States, but he died on April 12, 1945, before the war ended. President Roosevelt was also the commander-in-chief of the United States military. As such, he led the country through most of the war.

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#### Harry S. Truman



The infographic features a red vertical bar on the left with numbers 1 through 10. To the right of this bar is a list of facts about Harry S. Truman. Further right is a circular portrait of Truman in a suit and glasses, surrounded by a decorative border of red stars. The name 'HARRY S. TRUMAN' is written in large, bold, white letters at the top right of the infographic.

- 1 Side: Allies
- 2 Country: The United States of America
- 3 Leadership Type: Political
- 4 Role: President of the U.S. at the end of World War II
- 5 Significance: Became President of the United States and commander-in-chief of the military when Franklin
- 6 Roosevelt died;
- 7 made the decision
- 8 to use the Atomic
- 9 Bomb on Japan
- 10

Harry S. Truman sided with the Allies. He was from the United States, and a political leader. At the end of the World War II, after Roosevelt died, Truman was the President of the United States. He made the decision to use the Atomic Bomb on Japan.



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#### Winston Churchill



The infographic features a dark red vertical bar on the left with white numbers 1 through 10. To the right, on a parchment-like background, is a circular portrait of Winston Churchill in a suit and bow tie. Above the portrait, the name 'Winston Churchill' is written in a stylized font. The text to the left of the portrait provides biographical details.

1	<b>Side:</b> Allies
2	<b>Country:</b> Great Britain
3	<b>Leadership Type:</b> Political
4	<b>Role:</b> Prime
5	Minister of Great
6	Britain during
7	World War II
8	<b>Significance:</b> Led
9	Great Britain
10	during World War
	II; was particularly
	effective at
	keeping British
	people focused on
	victory even when
	the war wasn't
	going well

Winston Churchill sided with the Allies. He was from Great Britain, and a political leader. Churchill was the Prime Minister of Great Britain during World War II. He led Great Britain during the War, and was particularly effective at keeping the British people focused on victory even when the war was difficult.

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#### Joseph Stalin

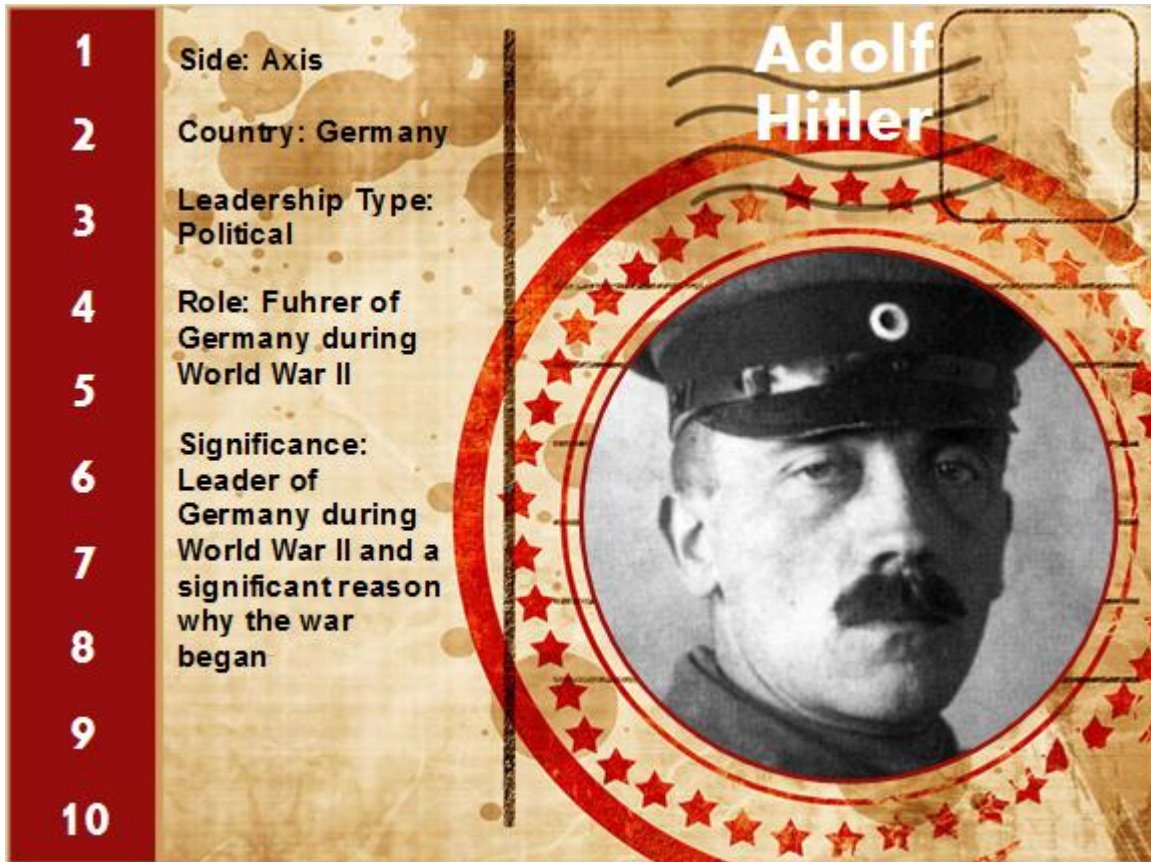
An infographic about Joseph Stalin. On the left, a vertical red bar contains numbers 1 through 10. To the right of this bar, text provides details about Stalin: Side: Allies; Country: Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R.); Leadership Type: Political; Role: Leader of the Soviet Union; Significance: Led the Soviet Union in the fight against Germany during World War II; demanded that the other Allies open a second front in the war against Germany. On the right side of the infographic, the name 'Joseph Stalin' is written in a stylized font above a circular portrait of him in a military uniform. The portrait is surrounded by a decorative border of red stars. The background of the infographic is a textured, aged paper style with a vertical line and a horizontal line intersecting near the portrait.

Joseph Stalin sided with the Allies. He was from the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R), and a political leader. Stalin was the leader of the Soviet Union, and led the country in the fight against Germany during World War II. He demanded that other Allies open a second front in the war against Germany.

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#### Adolf Hitler



The infographic features a dark red vertical bar on the left with white numbers 1 through 10. To the right, on a parchment-like background, is a circular portrait of Adolf Hitler in a military cap, surrounded by a ring of red stars. The name 'Adolf Hitler' is written in a stylized font above the portrait. Text boxes provide biographical details.

1	<b>Side:</b> Axis
2	<b>Country:</b> Germany
3	<b>Leadership Type:</b> Political
4	<b>Role:</b> Fuhrer of Germany during World War II
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6	<b>Significance:</b> Leader of Germany during World War II and a significant reason why the war began
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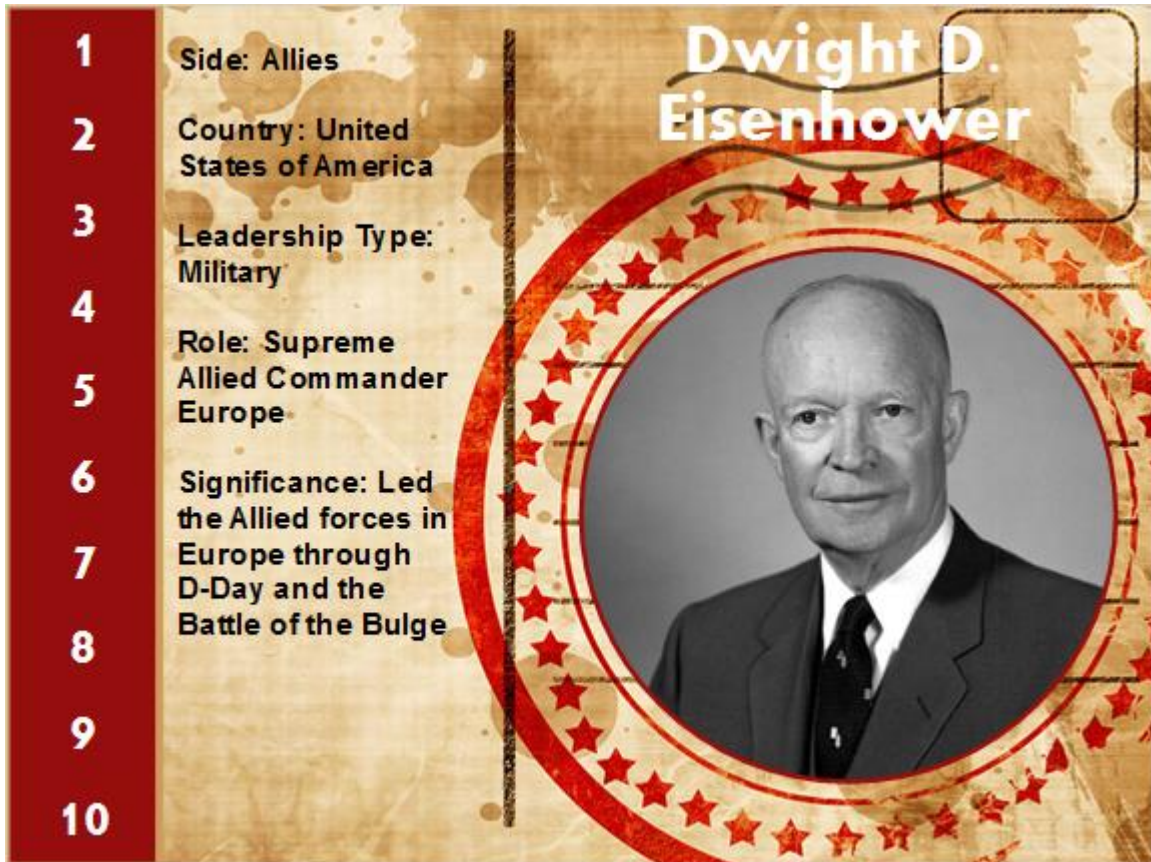
Adolf Hitler sided with the Axis. He was from Germany, and a political leader. Hitler was the Fuhrer of Germany during World War II. As the leader of Germany during the War, he was a significant reason why the war began.



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#### Dwight D. Eisenhower



The infographic features a vertical red bar on the left with numbers 1 through 10. To the right, text provides details about Eisenhower: Side: Allies; Country: United States of America; Leadership Type: Military; Role: Supreme Allied Commander Europe; Significance: Led the Allied forces in Europe through D-Day and the Battle of the Bulge. A circular portrait of Eisenhower is framed by a red border with stars, and his name is written in large white letters at the top right.

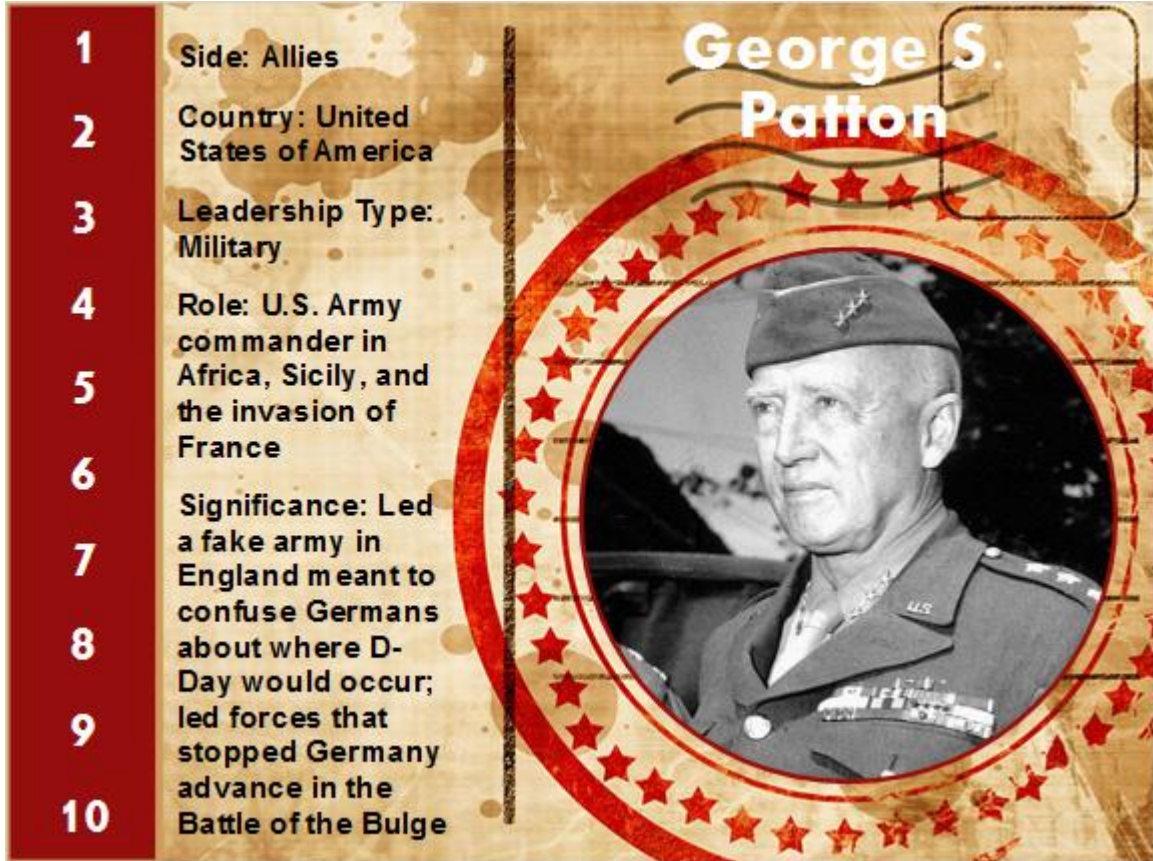
1	Side: Allies
2	Country: United States of America
3	Leadership Type: Military
4	Role: Supreme Allied Commander Europe
5	Significance: Led the Allied forces in Europe through D-Day and the Battle of the Bulge
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Dwight D. Eisenhower sided with the Allies. He was from the United States, and a military leader. Eisenhower was the Supreme Allied Commander of forces in Europe, and led the Allied forces through D-Day and the Battle of the Bulge.

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#### George S. Patton

An infographic on a parchment-like background. On the left, a vertical red bar contains numbers 1 through 10. To the right of this bar is a list of facts about George S. Patton. On the right side of the infographic, the name "George S. Patton" is written in a stylized font, with "George S." above "Patton". Below the name is a circular portrait of Patton in military uniform, surrounded by a decorative border of red stars. A vertical line separates the text from the portrait.

**1** Side: Allies

**2** Country: United States of America

**3** Leadership Type: Military

**4** Role: U.S. Army commander in Africa, Sicily, and the invasion of France

**5**

**6** Significance: Led a fake army in England meant to confuse Germans about where D-Day would occur; led forces that stopped Germany advance in the Battle of the Bulge

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**George S. Patton**

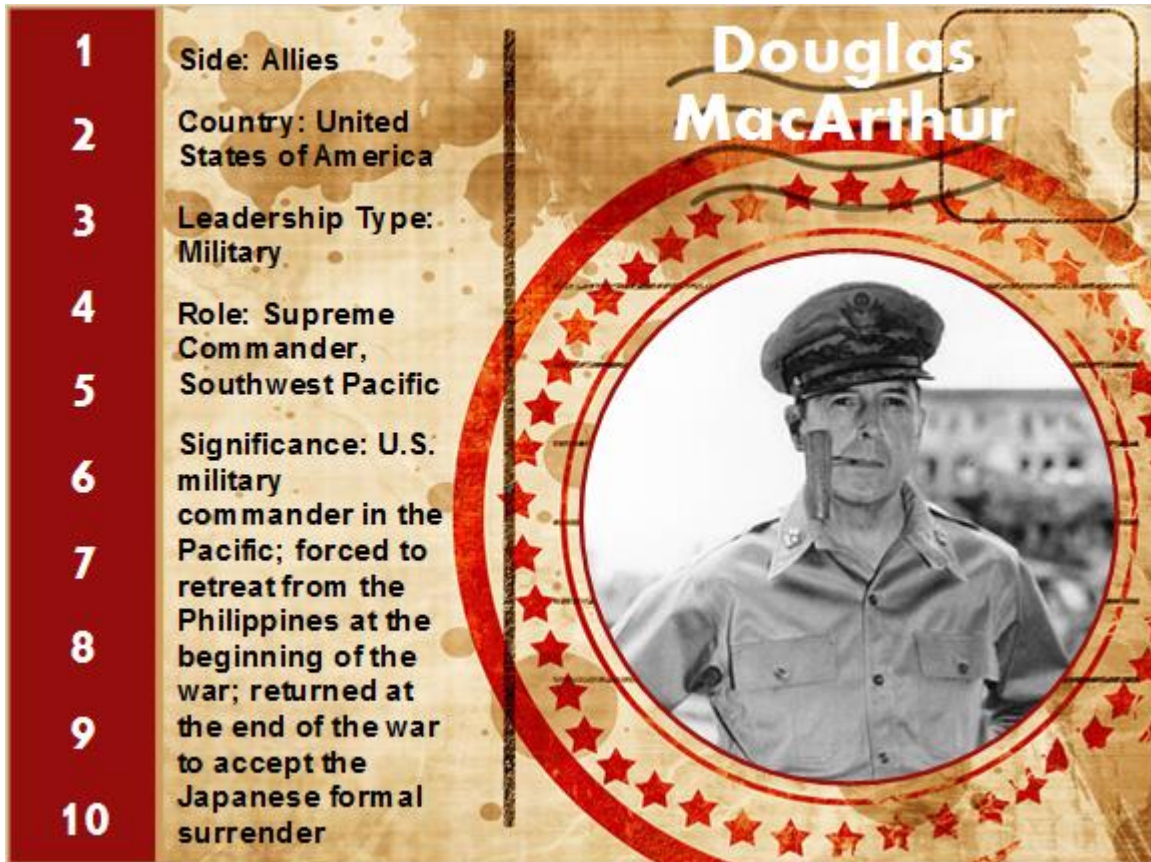
George S. Patton sided with the Allies. He was from the United States, and a military leader. Patton's role during World War II was as the U.S. Army commander in Africa, Sicily, and the invasion of France. He led a fake army in England that was designed to confuse the Germans about where D-Day would take place. He also led the force that stopped the Germans advance in the Battle of the Bulge.



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#### Douglas MacArthur



The infographic features a red vertical bar on the left with numbers 1 through 10. To the right, there is a circular portrait of Douglas MacArthur in a military uniform, surrounded by a decorative border of red stars. The text is arranged in a list format next to the numbers.

1	Side: Allies
2	Country: United States of America
3	Leadership Type: Military
4	Role: Supreme Commander, Southwest Pacific
5	Significance: U.S. military commander in the Pacific; forced to retreat from the Philippines at the beginning of the war; returned at the end of the war to accept the Japanese formal surrender

Douglas MacArthur sided with the Allies. He was from the United States, and a military leader. His role during World War II was as a Supreme Commander of forces in the Southwest Pacific Area. As a U.S. military commander in the Pacific, he was forced to retreat from the Philippines at the beginning of the war, but he promised to return. He did in fact return, and eventually accepted the Japanese formal surrender at the end of the War.

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#### Emperor Hirohito



The infographic features a vertical red bar on the left with numbers 1 through 10. To the right, text provides details about Emperor Hirohito. A circular portrait of the emperor in military uniform is framed by a red border with white stars. The name 'Emperor Hirohito' is written in a stylized font at the top right.

1	Side: Axis
2	Country: Japan
3	Leadership Type: Political
4	Role: Leader of Japan
5	Significance:
6	Considered a God by the people of Japan; was more of a figurehead leader during World War II
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Emperor Hirohito sided with the Axis. He was from Japan, and a political leader. Emperor Hirohito was the leader of Japan, and was considered a God by the people of his country. He was more of a figurehead leader during World War II.

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#### Hideki Tojo



The infographic features a vertical red bar on the left with numbers 1 through 10. To the right of this bar, text provides details about Hideki Tojo. A circular portrait of Tojo in military uniform is framed by a red border with stars. The name 'Hideki Tojo' is written in a stylized font above the portrait.

1	Side: Axis
2	Country: Japan
3	Leadership Type: Political and military
4	Role: Prime Minister of Japan during World War II
5	Significance: Led the Japanese military during World War II
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Hideki Tojo sided with the Axis. He was from Japan, and a political and military leader. He was Prime Minister of Japan during World War II, and led the Japanese military during the War.